

statements, do not suffice.” *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009). Applying these standards to Ofori’s complaint, the court concludes that does not state any actionable claims under federal law. Thus, it must be summarily dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(b)(1).

The claims in this action relate to Ofori’s claim that he was retaliated against for filing lawsuits. (Dkt. No. 1-1 at 6.) Plaintiff’s allegations describe actions that occurred in 2018 and 2019. (See Compl. ¶¶ 122–27.) Because the statute of limitations for § 1983 actions in Virginia is two years, see *Reid v. James Madison Univ.*, 90 F.4th 311, 318 (4th Cir. 2024), and because plaintiff did not file this action until July 2023, this action must be dismissed as barred by the limitations period. See, e.g., *Blackshear v. VDOC*, Civil Action No. 2:18cv377, 2021 WL 10564731, at *6 (E.D. Va. July 7, 2021) (applying Virginia’s two-year statute of limitations for personal injury claims to § 1983 retaliation claims).

For the foregoing reasons, the court will summarily dismiss Ofori’s complaint, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(b)(1), for failure to state an actionable claim.

Entered: August 21, 2024.

/s/ Elizabeth K. Dillon
Elizabeth K. Dillon
Chief United States District Judge